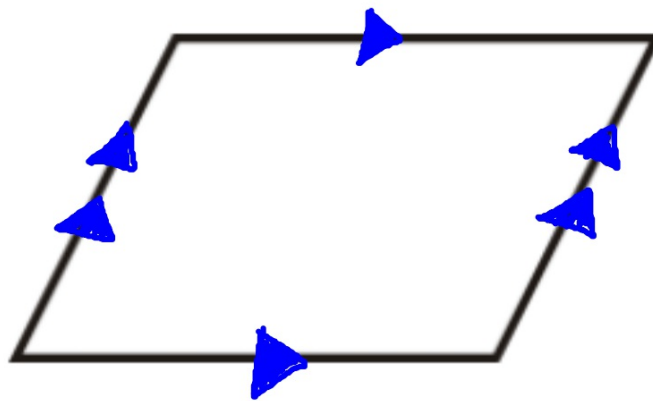


Guided Notes: Properties of Parallelograms

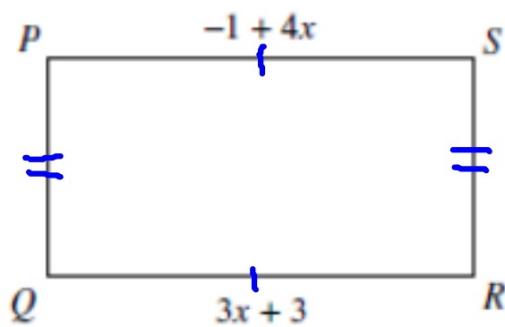
Property: Opposite sides are parallel.



Property: Opposite sides are congruent.

↳ equal

EX1. Solve for x.

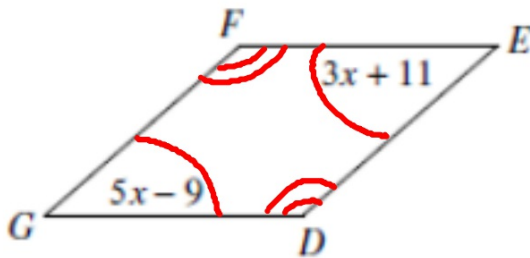


$$\begin{array}{r} -1 + 4x = 3x + 3 \\ +1 \qquad \qquad +1 \\ \hline 4x = 3x + 4 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline \text{X} = 4 \end{array}$$

Property: Opposite angles are congruent.

↳ equal

EX2. Find $m\angle G$.



$$\begin{aligned}m\angle G &= 5(10) - 9 \\ &= 50 - 9 \\ &= \boxed{41^\circ}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}5x - 9 = 3x + 11 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}2x - 9 = 11 \\ +9 \quad +9 \\ \hline\end{array}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$$

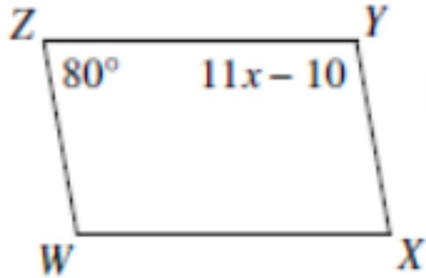
$$\boxed{X=10}$$

Property: Consecutive angles are supplementary.

EX3. Solve for x.

↳ 1 after another

↳ Add 180°



$$11x - 10 + 80 = 180$$

$$11x + 70 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11x + 70 = 180 \\ -70 \quad -70 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

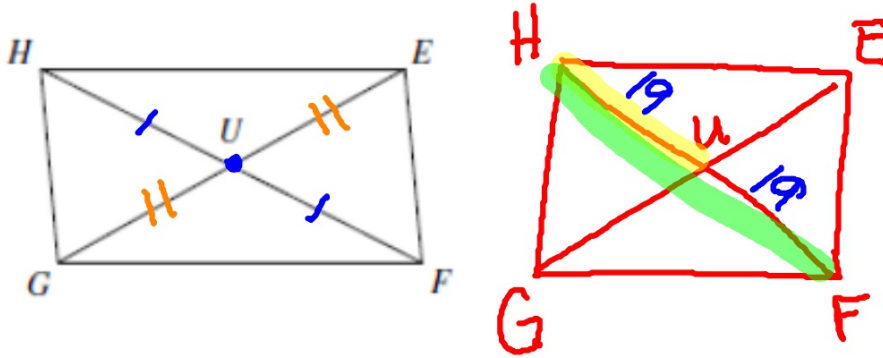
$$\frac{11x}{11} = \frac{110}{11}$$

$$x = 10$$

Property: Diagonals bisect each other.

↳ Cut in half

EX4. Given $UH = 19$ and $FH = 5x - 7$, solve for x.



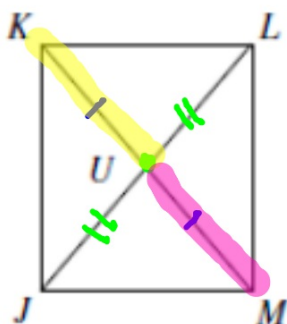
$$x = 9$$

$$19 + 19 = 5x - 7$$

$$38 = 5x - 7$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +7 \qquad \qquad +7 \\ \hline 45 = 5x \\ \frac{45}{5} = \frac{5x}{5} \end{array}$$

EX5. Given $KU = 3x + 3$ and $UM = 4x - 4$, solve for x .



$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 3 = 4x - 4 \\ \quad -3 \qquad \quad -3 \\ \hline 3x = 4x - 7 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline 0 = x - 7 \\ +7 \qquad \quad +7 \\ \hline 7 = x \end{array}$$

Homework is on Page 7.6 in Packet